Approved For Release 2002/07/12: CIA-RDP80-00809A000600020032-0 _ CLASSIFICATION SECRET/SECURITY INFORMATION CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY REPORT NO INFORMATION REPORT SECRET COUNTRY USSR DATE DISTR. 19 Mar 1952 **SUBJECT** NO. OF PAGES Soviet Military Terminology PLACE ACQUIRED NO. OF ENCLS. 25X1A (LISTED BFLOW) DATE ACQUIRED B SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO. DATE OF INFO THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION SOURCE ı. 25X1X the following terms as commonly used by the Soviets? Objyedineniye (a) (b) Soyedineniye (c) Chast **(b)** Podrozdeleniye Oblyedimentye has the meaning of united command. It involves a "beam" concept. 25X1X The term usually refers to large groupings -- larger than division in size. Air, ground and naval elements combined for a large-scale operation might be an obiyedineniye. Scyedineniye is a general term used in referring to a large group such as a division or a corps or an army. It might be translated as "a command." Chast usually refers to a unit of approximately regimental size. The chief feature of the chast', however, is not its size so much as its independence. A separate bat alion or even a company, if not part of a larger unit, may be a chast'. It has its own banner, its own serial number, and its own stamp for authenticating documents. Podrazdeleniye refers to a small unit such as a battalion, company, platoca or squad. The above terms are not official nomenclature. They are general terms, used when more exact meanings are unnecessary or unknown or are not desireable. When a Soviet officer wishes to convey a concrete or precise meaning, he uses the words for Group of Forces, Army, division, platoon, and so on. -end -CLASSIFICATION SECRET/SECURITY INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION

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